```
YOU HAVE NEW MAIL ***

=> s bis hydroxamic
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449841 BIS 6417 HYDROXAMIC

L1 9 BIS HYDROXAMIC

(BIS (W) HYDROXAMIC)

=> s bishydroxamic

L2 26 BISHYDROXAMIC

=> s 11 and 12

L3 1 L1 AND L2

=> s l1 or l2

L4 34 L1 OR L2

=> s (chiral or asymmetric or enantiomer?)

97310 CHIRAL

54825 ASYMMETRIC

52114 ENANTIOMER?

L5 160012 (CHIRAL OR ASYMMETRIC OR ENANTIOMER?)

=> s 14 and 15

L6 1 L4 AND L5

=> d cbib abs

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
1998:223277 Document No. 129:9038 Coordination-based symmetric and
asymmetric bilayers on gold surfaces. Moav, Tamar; Hatzor, Anat;
Cohen, Hagai; Libman, Jacqueline; Rubinstein, Israel; Shanzer, Abraham
(Department of Organic Chemistry, The Weizmann Institute of Science,
Rehovot, 76100, Israel). Chemistry--A European Journal, 4(3), 502-507
(English) 1998. CODEN: CEUJED. ISSN: 0947-6539. Publisher: Wiley-VCH
Verlag GmbH.

A novel type of bilayer on a gold surface, based upon metal-ion AB coordination to hydroxamate moieties, is described. Tailor-made bifunctional ligands containing hydroxamate groups (for metal coordination) and a cyclic disulfide residue (for surface attachment) have been prepared The bishydroxamate binding site forms 2:1 ligand/metal complexes with octacoordinating metal ions such as ZrIV, CeIV, and TiIV; the cyclic disulfide moiety anchors the complex to the gold surface. Two routes to bilayer formation are demonstrated: (i) a one-step process from preformed 2:1 complexes, and (ii) a stepwise process including formation of the ligand monolayers followed by binding of a guest ion and a second layer of ligand mols. The former approach allows full characterization of the complexes before bilayer assembly, whereas the latter enables construction of either sym. (identical) or asym. (nonidentical) bilayers. Both types of bilayers were characterized by ellipsometry, contact angle, and XPS measurements. Sym. bilayers obtained by the two processes have similar properties.

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=> s bishydroxamic acid?
```

26 BISHYDROXAMIC

4606114 ACID?

L1 25 BISHYDROXAMIC ACID?

(BISHYDROXAMIC(W) ACID?)

=> s bis (w) hydroxamic

449587 BIS

6415 HYDROXAMIC

L2 9 BIS (W) HYDROXAMIC

=> s l1 or l2

L3 33 L1 OR L2

=> s epoxidation?

L4 12625 EPOXIDATION?

=> s 13 and 14

L5 0 L3 AND

## display 13 told Title

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Methods of treating cancer with histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitors
- L3 ANSWER 2 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Methods of treating cancer with histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitors
- L3 ANSWER 3 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Methods of treating cancer with hydroxamic acid derivative histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitors
- L3 ANSWER 4 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Production of polybenzimidazoles by condensation of bishydroxamic acids with disulfamides
- L3 ANSWER 5 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Production of polybenzimidazoles by condensation of bishydroxamic acids with aromatic diisocyanates
- L3 ANSWER 6 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI The EBNA-3 gene family proteins disrupt the G2/M checkpoint
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- TI Combination therapy for the treatment of cancer using histone deacetylase inhibitors and radiotherapy
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- TI Inorganic self-assembly through sequential complexation in the formation of bimetallic and trimetallic architectures from multisite ligands based on 5,5'-disubstituted 2,2'-bipyridines
- L3 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Antiprotozoal activities of symmetrical bishydroxamic acids
- L3 ANSWER 10 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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- L3 ANSWER 11 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Method of treating autoimmune diseases
- L3 ANSWER 12 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Histone deacetylase inhibitors enhancing iodide or iodine uptake and uses in diagnosis and treatment of thyroid neoplasms
- L3 ANSWER 13 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Method of treating autoimmune diseases with histone hyperacetylating agent
- L3 ANSWER 14 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI A histone deacetylase inhibitor, azelaic **bishydroxamic acid**, shows cytotoxicity on epstein-barr virus-transformed B-cell
  lines: A potential therapy for posttransplant lymphoproliferative disease
- L3 ANSWER 15 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Up-regulation of p21WAF1/CIP1 by histone deacetylase inhibitors reduces their cytotoxicity
- L3 ANSWER 16 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Synthesis of bridged bis-hydroxamic acids with alkyl ether and oxygen affinity of their cobalt complexes
- L3 ANSWER 17 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

- TI Histone deacetylase inhibitors trigger a G2 checkpoint in normal cells that is defective in tumor cells
- L3 ANSWER 18 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Cytodifferentiating agents affect the replication of herpes simplex virus type 1 in the absence of functional VP16
- L3 ANSWER 19 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Coordination-based symmetric and asymmetric bilayers on gold surfaces
- L3 ANSWER 20 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Tumor selectivity and transcriptional activation by azelaic bishydroxamic acid in human melanocytic cells
- L3 ANSWER 21 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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- L3 ANSWER 24 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Novel bishydroxamic acids as 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors
- L3 ANSWER 25 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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- L3 ANSWER 27 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI  $\alpha$ -Aminoacyl hydroxamate adsorbents a new type of immobilized chelator
- L3 ANSWER 28 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Acyl nitroxides. Part I. Synthesis and isolation
- L3 ANSWER 29 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Spiro(indoline-2,5'-isoxazoline)compounds of high polymerization degree and useful in production of tough films
- L3 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Hydroxamates, ureas, and urethanes
- L3 ANSWER 31 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Synthetic approaches to mycelianamide
- L3 ANSWER 32 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Crosslinking agents and their use in crosslinking unsaturated polymers
- L3 ANSWER 33 OF 33 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Crosslinking unsaturated polymers
- => s hydroxamic

. .

- L6 6415 HYDROXAMIC
- => s hydroxamic acid?
  6415 HYDROXAMIC

## 4606114 ACID?

L7 6195 HYDROXAMIC ACID?

(HYDROXAMIC (W) ACID?)

=> s (asymmetric or chiral?)

54747 ASYMMETRIC

104532 CHIRAL?

L8 140421 (ASYMMETRIC OR CHIRAL?)

=> s 17 (10w) 18

L9 21 L7 (10W) L8

=> d tot ti

- L9 ANSWER 1 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Multinuclear NMR study of the reactive intermediates in enantioselective epoxidations of allylic alcohols catalyzed by a vanadium complex derived from a planar-chiral hydroxamic acid
- L9 ANSWER 2 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI 3-Hydroxy-2,2-dimethylimidazolidin-4-one: the regioselective synthesis and chiral crystallization
- L9 ANSWER 3 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Planar chiral ferrocenes as ligands in the vanadium-catalyzed asymmetric

- L9 ANSWER 3 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Planar chiral ferrocenes as ligands in the vanadium-catalyzed asymmetric epoxidation of allylic alcohols
- L9 ANSWER 4 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Development of optically active hydroxamic acid coordinator: asymmetric epoxylation reactions of aryl alcohol

- L9 ANSWER 5 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI An enantioselective synthesis of sulphonamide hydroxamic acids as matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors
- L9 ANSWER 6 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Chiral hydroxamic acids as ligands for the vanadium catalyzed asymmetric epoxidation of allylic alcohols
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- TI The development of chiral metallacrowns into anion recognition agents and porous materials
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- TI Precursors for the production of chiral 1,3-aminoalcohols
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- TI Novel  $\alpha$ -Amino Acid-Based Hydroxamic Acid Ligands for Vanadium-Catalyzed Asymmetric Epoxidation of Allylic Alcohols
- L9 ANSWER 10 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Design of optically active hydroxamic acids as ligands in vanadium-catalyzed asymmetric epoxidation
- L9 ANSWER 11 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Precursors for the production of chiral vicinal amino alcohols
- L9 ANSWER 12 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Methods and precursors for the production of chiral vicinal amino alcohols
- L9 ANSWER 13 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Method for the production of chiral vicinal aminoalcohols
- L9 ANSWER 14 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Synthesis and metal complexation of chiral 3-mono- or 3,3-bis-ally1-2-hydroxypyrrolopyrazine-1,4-diones
- L9 ANSWER 15 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Formation of a chiral hydroxamic acid with an amidase from Rhodococcus erythropolis MP50 and subsequent chemical Lossen rearrangement to a chiral amine
- L9 ANSWER 16 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Chiral metallacrowns as functional inorganic materials.
- L9 ANSWER 17 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Facile Preparation of Face Differentiated, Chiral 15-Metallacrown-5 Complexes
- L9 ANSWER 18 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Redox switches of chiral molecules
- L9 ANSWER 19 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI First discrimination of enantiomeric cyclic hemiacetals and methyl acetals derived from hydroxamic acids and lactams of Gramineae by means of 1H NMR using various chiral solvating agents
- L9 ANSWER 20 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Amphiphiles with polypeptide-head groups. III. Regulation of enantioselectivity in micellar hydrolysis
- L9 ANSWER 21 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Chiral hydroxamic acids as ligands in the vanadium catalyzed asymmetric epoxidation of allylic alcohols by

## => d his

## (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:51:27 ON 11 FEB 2005)

	FILE 'CAPL	JS	' ENTERED AT 13:51:46 ON 11 FEB 2005
L1	25	s	BISHYDROXAMIC ACID?
L2	9	S	BIS (W) HYDROXAMIC
L3	33	S	L1 OR L2
L4	12625	S	EPOXIDATION?
L5	0	S	L3 AND L4
L6	6415	S	HYDROXAMIC
L7	6195	S	HYDROXAMIC ACID?
L8	140421	S	(ASYMMETRIC OR CHIRAL?)
L9	21	S	L7 (10W) L8

=> d 21 aa